

## Standard Operating Procedure

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# Thermo iCE 3500 Flame Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (Acetylene/Air)

## Introduction

Flame atomic absorption spectroscopy is a sensitive elemental analysis technique used to determine the metal concentration within water samples at the milligram per litre level.

## Purpose

The purpose of this document is to introduce the user to the operation of Thermo iCE3500 Flame Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (Thermo iCE3500) when using the acetylene/air fuel source in the TRACES Centre. This document also outlines the special safety concerns introduced when using the instrument.

## Scope

This procedure applies to direct determination of a metal\* in water samples using the Thermo iCE3500. Detection limits for each element at specific wavelengths are reported in the Thermo iCE 3500 Operations Manual (below)\*. Individuals must complete a hands-on one-on-one training session with a TRACES staff member.

## Referenced Documents

- iCE 3000 Series AA Spectrometers Operators Manuals ver.1 (p/n 9499 500 23000)
- Thermo FAAS Methods Manual version5 (p/n 9499 230 24011)
- Thermo iCE SOLAAR Software Manual ver 2 (p/n 9499 400 30011)
- Flame Atomic Absorption Spectrometry Analytical Methods ed. 8 (p/n 8510000900)
- Perkin Elmer Analytical Methods for Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy rev.D (p/n 0303-0152)

## Responsibilities

### 1. TRACES Users

- 1.1. All Users must obtain training with TRACES Staff prior to system operation. It is the responsibility of the User to ensure they have a good understanding of the instrument and all operation protocols.
- 1.2. If additional training sessions are needed it is the responsibility of the User to schedule these with TRACES Staff.
- 1.3. Instrument time must be booked by the User via the online booking system prior to system operation.

### 2. TRACES Staff

- 2.1. It is the responsibility of TRACES Staff to provide introductory and, if required, subsequent training to all users.

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### Equipment

- Thermo iCE 3500 FAAS
  - .1. AA Grade Acetylene
  - .2. Zero Air
- Type 1 (18.2MOhms) Deionzed Water

### Safety

**IMPORTANT:**

You will be using the Thermo Scientific iCE 3500 spectrometer equipped with an air-acetylene flame ~2300 °C.

- Approach the instrument with caution – the flame is very hot!
- Do not open the flame door, this should remain closed for the duration of the experiment
- If at any point you have questions or concerns consult with the TRACES Staff
- **Flame must never remain unattended**
- Seek assistance from TRACES Staff if you have any concerns

### Initial Setup

1. Turn on the acetylene. Check to see that MORE than **500 kPa** is remaining in the cylinder. If you expect a long run time contact the TRACES Lab Manger
  - a. Do not touch the regulators; they have been set for you
    - i. Ensure the gas pressures entering the FAAS are set to the values below
      1. Acetylene: 10 psi
      2. Air :30 psi
2. Remove the burner unit and fill with water
  - a. Fill till water is visibly trickling down the waste tubing
  - b. Check the waste container to ensure it is at least ¾ empty
3. Startup the Solaar software located on the desktop
  - a. Username: Solaar
4. Ignite the flame (button should be flashing)
  - a. Allow the flame to warm up for 5 min



5. Click on the lamp icon
  - a. ID the lamp of choice and click the 'Off' button to 'On'
  - b. Non-Thermo lamps MUST be manually configured. Please ensure that the correct amperage is applied or damage to the lamp and instrument is inevitable. \*
  - c. Allow 15-20 minutes of warm up time

### Method Setup

6. Load/New Method window is chosen (Found under **Edit**)
  - a. New method: set the parameters






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- i. Technique: Flame
  - ii. Element of interest and mode of operation under the 'General' tab\*
  - iii. 'Sequence' tab
    1. Setup the appropriate sequence that matches your method
    2. Ensure the standards are measured first
  - iv. 'Spectrometer' tab
    1. D2 Quadline :On/Off
    2. Cook Book illustrates default values and reference guide to interferences and quantitative limitation for specific AB lines
    3. Wavelength of interest selected
  - v. 'Flame' tab :
    1. Unless otherwise noted use the default values set by Cook Book
      - a. Gas Flows, Nebulizer Flow, Burner height
  - vi. 'Calibration' tab:
    1. Calibration Model: Choose from the following selection:
      - a. Linear (select in most cases)
      - b. Segmented
      - c. Quadratic
    2. Standard Stock Concentrations
    3. Units of measure
- b. Load method: review the parameters
- i. Adjust accordingly
  - ii. ENSURE that the SEQUENCE and CALIBRATION tabs are correctly set
- c. Save Method using a new name with the element as an identifier (i.e. Tony Zn 2020.m)

### Instrument Setup

7. Click on 'Flame Setup'
  - a. Unless otherwise noted use the default values set by Cook Book 
8. Click on 'Optics Setup'
  - a. Wait till all Optics Parameters 
  - b. Wavelength should be appropriately set
  - c. Absorbance should read zero
9. Auto zero the spectrometer 
  - a. If the absorbance does not read zero
  - b. This can be done during long wait periods between analysis
10. Manually setup the optics (if necessary)
  - a. The primary line is chosen from the Cook Book, alter if need be.
  - b. Use a typical test solution (i.e middle standard) to test flame and optics selections
  - c. Check to maximize the absorbance value
    - i. Align the Burner Laterally
    - ii. Align the Burner Rotationally (Do not wear gloves or loose clothing, roll up your sleeves)
    - iii. Align the Impact Bead position
      1. You may need to play with this to maximize the signal

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### Analyze



11. Select 'Analyze'
  - a. Save the data with a date specified name (i.e. jun21\_2012\_Cu)
12. Follow the prompts as they appear
  - a. The prompts should follow the sequence setup in the method
  - b. Introduce each solution into the spectrometer using the tubing at the front of the spectrometer
  - c. Once introduced, wait 1-2 seconds, and click 'Run Sample'
  - d. Clean the tubing before and after each sample introduction using a Kimwipe

### Evaluate

13. To evaluate the results, click on the Results tab
  - a. Under the Options tab:
    - i. Select data set by element
    - ii. Select data set by type
    - iii. Select data set by date
  - b. Under the Change Line Fit tab:
    - i. Select a new calibration curve
  - c. To remove data
    - i. Click on the individual data line and Delete Results
14. To print the data sets:
  - a. Click Print
    - i. Select Signal Graph: To print the absorbance vs time graph
    - ii. Calibration Graph: To print the calibration curve
    - iii. Results: To print all data collected and instrument parameters
  - b. Click Print Options
    - i. Select data parameters to be printed with the Results Report
  - c. Export Data
    - i. As a .csv or .txt file

### Instrument Shutdown

15. Shutdown Procedure
  - a. **Shutoff the acetylene at the source in the flammable cabinet**
    - i. **Vent the acetylene from the instrument by clicking on the red button**
      1. **Before you are complete BOTH regulators MUST read 0psi**
      2. **Contact the TRACE Manager immediately if you are unsure or if you are unable to vent the gas**
        - a. **The Air cannot be vented**
        - b. **The Argon does not need to be vented**
    - ii. Click all the lamps to the 'Off' position
16. Logoff

\*The TRACES Manager will provide further details during hands-on training.